# Energy Performance Certificate

HM Government

**Flat 26 Century Court, 1, Wilford Lane, West Bridgford, NOTTINGHAM, NG2 7TU**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Dwelling type:** | Mid-floor flat | **Reference number:** | 0878-3083-7332-4493-8964 |
| **Date of assessment:** | 03 February 2017 | **Type of assessment:** | SAP, new dwelling |
| **Date of certificate:** | 03 February 2017 | **Total floor area:** | 53 m² |

## Use this document to:

- Compare current ratings of properties to see which properties are more energy efficient

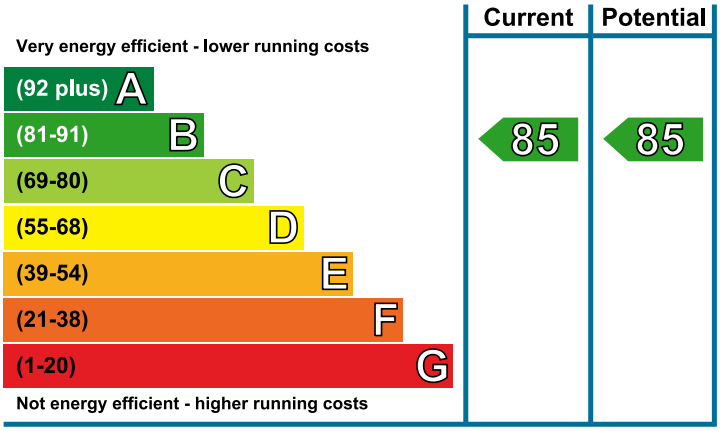
| **Estimated energy costs of dwelling for 3 years:** | **£ 858** |
|---|---|

## Estimated energy costs of this home

| | Current costs | Potential costs | Potential future savings |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Lighting** | £ 141 over 3 years | £ 141 over 3 years | Not applicable |
| **Heating** | £ 42 over 3 years | £ 42 over 3 years | |
| **Hot Water** | £ 675 over 3 years | £ 675 over 3 years | |
| **Totals** | **£ 858** | **£ 858** | |

These figures show how much the average household would spend in this property for heating, lighting and hot water and is not based on energy used by individual households. This excludes energy use for running appliances like TVs, computers and cookers, and electricity generated by microgeneration.

## Energy Efficiency Rating




The graph shows the current energy efficiency of your home.

The higher the rating the lower your fuel bills are likely to be.

The average energy efficiency rating for a dwelling in England and Wales is band D (rating 60).

The EPC rating shown here is based on standard assumptions about occupancy and energy use and may not reflect how energy is consumed by individual occupants.

## Summary of this home's energy performance related features

| Element | Description | Energy Efficiency |
|---|---|---|
| Walls | Average thermal transmittance 0.17 W/m²K | ★★★★★ |
| Roof | Average thermal transmittance 0.14 W/m²K | ★★★★★ |
| Floor | (other premises below) | — |
| Windows | High performance glazing | ★★★★★ |
| Main heating | Electric underfloor heating | — |
| Main heating controls | Time and temperature zone control | ★★★★★ |
| Secondary heating | None | — |
| Hot water | Electric immersion, standard tariff | — |
| Lighting | Low energy lighting in all fixed outlets | ★★★★★ |
| Air tightness | Air permeability 5.4 m³/h.m² (as tested) | ★★★★☆ |

Thermal transmittance is a measure of the rate of heat loss through a building element; the lower the value the better the energy performance.
Air permeability is a measure of the air tightness of a building; the lower the value the better the air tightness.

Current primary energy use per square metre of floor area: 106 kWh/m² per year

## Low and zero carbon energy sources

Low and zero carbon energy sources are sources of energy that release either very little or no carbon dioxide into the atmosphere when they are used. Installing these sources may help reduce energy bills as well as cutting carbon. There are none provided for this home.

## Your home's heat demand

This table shows the energy used for space and water heating by an average household in this property.

**Heat demand**

| | |
|---|---|
| Space heating (kWh per year) | 1 |
| Water heating (kWh per year) | 1,449 |

If you built your own home and, as part of its construction, you installed a renewable heating system, you could receive Renewable Heat Incentive (RHI) payments. The estimated energy required for space and water heating will form the basis of the payments. For more information, search for the domestic RHI on the www.gov.uk website.

## Recommendations

None.

## About this document and the data in it

This document has been produced following an energy assessment undertaken by a qualified Energy Assessor, accredited by Elmhurst Energy Systems Ltd. You can obtain contact details of the Accreditation Scheme at www.elmhurstenergy.co.uk.

A copy of this certificate has been lodged on a national register as a requirement under the Energy Performance of Buildings Regulations 2012 as amended. It will be made available via the online search function at www.epcregister.com. The certificate (including the building address) and other data about the building collected during the energy assessment but not shown on the certificate, for instance heating system data, will be made publicly available at www.opendatacommunities.org.

This certificate and other data about the building may be shared with other bodies (including government departments and enforcement agencies) for research, statistical and enforcement purposes. For further information about how data about the property are used, please visit www.epcregister.com. To opt out of having information about your building made publicly available, please visit www.epcregister.com/optout.

**Assessor's accreditation number:** EES/008937
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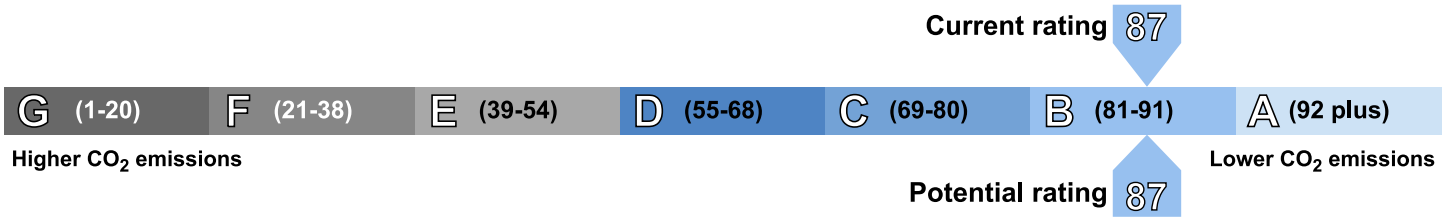
**Related party disclosure:** No related party

There is more information in the guidance document *Energy Performance Certificates for the marketing, sale and let of dwellings* available on the Government website at: www.gov.uk/government/collections/energy-performance-certificates. It explains the content and use of this document, advises on how to identify the authenticity of a certificate and how to make a complaint.

## About the impact of buildings on the environment

One of the biggest contributors to global warming is carbon dioxide. The energy we use for heating, lighting and power in homes produces over a quarter of the UK's carbon dioxide emissions.

The average household causes about 6 tonnes of carbon dioxide every year. Based on this assessment, your home currently produces approximately 1.0 tonnes of carbon dioxide every year. You could reduce emissions by switching to renewable energy sources.

The environmental impact rating is a measure of a home's impact on the environment in terms of carbon dioxide ($CO_2$) emissions based on standardised assumptions about occupancy and energy use. The higher the rating the less impact it has on the environment.